VOL. XIII. STAUNTON, VA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1864. NO. 42

The Vindicator.

The Vindicator.

S. M. H. LYNN, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS

[illegible]

Transient Squares 1 year [illegible]
" " 2 months [illegible]
" " 1 month [illegible]

All advertising for a less term than three months, will be charged for at the usual rates.

Announce nents of Candidates for office, [illegible] in advance.

All Communications or Notices of a personal character, or in which the interest of individuals is private or any private enterprise or interest, will be charged for as advertisements.

Job work must invariably be paid for as other advertisements. They must in all cases be accompanied by the money.

Office on New Courthouse Street, opposite the Spotswood Hotel.

JOB PRINTING

We are prepared to execute, with neatness and despatch, the following styles of work:

PLAIN & FANCY
BLANKS,
POSTERS,
CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
PAMPHLETS,
BILL-HEADS,
LABELS,

&c., &c., &c.

☞ Send your orders for all Job Work, on receipt of this notice.

April 17, 1863.

T. T. Giles, Richmond, Va. Robert Ould, Richmond, Va.

MINOR & BURKE,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 1 [illegible] ROW,
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
TOBACCO, GROCERIES, &c.
FIRST STREET,
(2 doors below 13th Street,
RICHMOND, VA

[illegible]

M. B. Minor, Richmond, Va. J. Burke, Richmond, Va.

Refer to Messrs. Wm. Lamb, Norfolk, Va. Jno. Wickham, Richmond, Va. Jno. Minor, Richmond, Va. Wm. Lamb, Norfolk, Va. Jno. Wickham, Richmond, Va.

M. B. Minor, Richmond, Va. M. B. Minor, Richmond, Va.

March 18, 1864.

OUR HOUSE,

THE Proprietors of the above popular Republican Hotel, in the Metropolis of the Confederacy, have the pleasure of announcing that this hotel, kept on the

TWO ROOMS

Plan, is now in full operation, and that the following Refreshment Saloons, recently occupied by them, are now in full operation:

Dining Room and Ladies' Ordinary, Ground Floor.

Game rooms are especially intended for

EATING SALOONS,

where all the necessaries in fine style of the delicacies of the season, can be had at all hours, and at reasonable prices, and in the most elegant and refined manner, without regard to money. In order to meet the wants and gratify the wishes of our patrons, we have recently made known, that the Carousal will be set apart for the accommodation of

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

who may desire to take a quiet supper or oyster, a quiet game of billiards, or a quiet game at the ninepins, free from the noise and confusion, too often unpleasantly to have attended.

John Christian,

the popular caterer for the House with either well or ill, will attend to all who may call upon him, and hand to wait on the Patrons of the OUR HOUSE.

Feb 19—tf.

CENTRAL HOTEL
CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va.

THE Proprietor of this convenient HOTEL respectfully calls the attention of the

Travelling Public,

to the situation of this House, being immediately on the Railroad, and shortly avoiding all chances of being left by the trains. His table, supplied with the best the markets afford, and his wall vacated rooms, furnished with

CLEAN BEDDING;

afford comfortable entertainment to the weary traveller. He respectfully solicits the patronage of the public.

R. W. BAILEY.

March 6, 1863.—6m

CATLETT & ALBY,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

WEST VIRGINIA HOTEL, STAUNTON, VA.,

Solicit consignments of all kinds of Goods, for public or private sale. Special attention paid to selling on the street. Public sale days Monday and Saturday.

Nov. 20—tf.

OFFICE VA. CENTRAL RAILROAD,
Richmond, Jan. 11, 1864.

NOTICE of Scrip.—On and after Friday, the 15th inst., Scrip will be issued in lieu of Bonds and Coupons, in the following manner: [illegible]

R. D. WHITCOMB, Gen'l Supt.

Jan 15, 1864.

SUPPLIES! SUPPLIES!

CAN without Stamps after Friday, the 15th, to convey small packages of Merchandise, Money, &c., to and from any point in Richmond, Petersburg and Wilmington, at a reasonable rate. Apply at the Express Office, Richmond, or Petersburg and Wilmington Depots, or Express Office.

Nov. 22, '63—tf.

BERRY & WOOD,
Attorneys at Law,
STAUNTON, VA.

W. R. BERRY will be found at the Office of Judge Baldwin, opposite the Court House.

W. H. WOOD will be found at the Office formerly occupied by Messrs. Berry & Baldwin, on Court Street.

Feb. 12, 1864.

[illegible]

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trading for a Note given by me to Mr. Jno. Wickham, for the sum of $[illegible] dated on the [illegible] day of [illegible] 1863, payable [illegible] months after date, as I am determined not to pay the same if I can avoid it, the consideration having failed.

[illegible]

NEW GOODS!

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

The Vindicator.

W. M. H. LYNN, Editor

Staunton, Va.

Friday, [illegible]

WAR NEWS

On Thursday the 27th ult. General Grant made a very formidable attack upon our lines both in front of Richmond and Petersburg. The attack was simultaneous at both points, extending the whole length of our lines from the Darbytown road on the North side to the Baldton Plank road below Petersburg. As usual General Lee was fully apprised of the intentions of the Yankee General, and was prepared to give him the same kind of reception of which he had been the recipient on many former occasions. The war worn veterans of Gen. Lee met the attack with their accustomed valor, and showed themselves worthy the confidence of their accomplished leader. The enemy were repulsed with heavy loss at every point, leaving their dead and wounded in our hands on the field. Their loss is variously estimated from five to eight thousand killed wounded and captured. Fifteen hundred prisoners have already been received at the Libby in Richmond.

The Yankee General will publish this defeat as he has done others of a similar character, as a reconnoissance in force, for the purpose of "feeling" the enemy, and that the object was satisfactorily accomplished. The deserted camp That they captured will be heralded as something great, many valuable papers and documents will be said to be found therein, the few prisoners taken will be magnified into many hundreds, and various other bulletins of that sort will be published throughout Yankeedom to cover up the failure of this last attempt at another "On to Richmond."

How this affair can be called (by any sane man) a reconnoissance, we are certainly at a loss to know. If it was in truth entitled to be such—it was certainly made on a grander scale than ever was made in such cases.

Gen. Grant was commanding in person, his associates Meade, Warren and Hancock with their respective corps were in motion—the whole Yankee army, infantry, artillery and cavalry, from one end of the line to the other, advanced in order of battle precisely as if they intended to bring on a general engagement. They did make the attack and attempted several times to storm our works, but were repulsed with immense slaughter. The engagement was a general one, and although Gen. Grant and Mr. Secretary Stanton may succeed in throwing dust in the eyes of their Yankee admirers we are satisfied that our own people, will regard it as a general battle in which we triumphantly repelled every assault made upon our lines, and at the same time administered to the Yankee General a severe rebuke which will be keenly remembered by him for some time to come.

The following despatch from Gen. Lee gives the additional news from the army in front of Petersburg.

HEADQUARTERS, Oct. 31, 1864.

Hon. J. A. Seddon:

General Mahone penetrated the enemy's picket line last night, near Petersburg, and swept it for half a mile, capturing 200 officers and men, without the loss of a man.

Total number of prisoners taken in the 27th, below Petersburg, according to General Hill's report, was 700.

(Signed) R. E. LEE.

The latest accounts from the army of Tennessee say that Hood and Beauregard effected a junction at Gadsden, and marched to the Tennessee River crossing at Guntersville on the 22nd and 24th ult.

We have no news from Missouri, but that which we get through Yankee papers. They represent Price badly whipped, yet their latest dispatch represent him still in Missouri, when their previous accounts have placed him some distance beyond Fort Scott in Kansas, in full flight. The truth is that Price has never been driven out of Missouri and that all these dispatches are hatched up for the occasion, and sent abroad for effect on the pending Presidential election in Yankeedom.

We learn Gen. Forrest has blockaded the Tennessee river. On the 20th ultimo he captured a steamer and barge, and got off sixty wagon loads of shoes, boots, blankets and hard bread. The vessels were destroyed.

Gen. Dulitt captured by Col. Mosby a few days ago, has arrived in Richmond and taken lodgings at the Libby.

No news from the lower Valley. Our army still in camp at New Market.

MUST HAVE A SUCCESS.

The failure to carry the State of Pennsylvania by a large abolition majority, that State having gone democratic so far as heard from, and Maryland failing to adopt the new abolition Constitution, by her home vote, has made the present occupant of the White House, at Washington very uneasy. He dislikes exceedingly to lose his lease of power and must attempt to retain it. Something must be done and quickly to destroy the prospect of McClellan's election, or, in other words, to prevent the defeat of Abraham Lincoln.

Addresses to Sublime by "loyal leagues" who confoundly ignore the teachings of the Bible, have been tried without success. Other means such as tampering with the rights of voters, have proved equally unsuccessful. The only thing that can keep the present administration in its, as they think, sickly condition, is a military success. To the achievement of which all the energies of the Yankee as well as the Jew and gentile are to be brought to bear.

Sherman, Sheridan and the Missouri leaders have tried their hand the weapon most powerfully than they could the lance and have written out glorious victories for purpose [illegible] greatly [illegible] when the truth is learned that they were defeats instead of victories, unless a real success be gained. Therefore Grant is ordered to serve up this savory dish for the Northern palate. Accordingly on Thursday last he hurled his legions forward upon the breast works of Gen. Lee. Failure, the inevitable result, instead of success crowned his efforts and he, full filled, butchered instead of butcher, fell back precipitately leaving his dead and wounded on the field. Success is not attained yet, but a real success they must have or they feel the gloom is sealed. This will not be the only attempt to take the works of Gen. Lee before the election, Tuesday next, nor will it be confined to his army, if we understand the design to be accomplished by the lying agencies of the enemy, but it will behoove our leaders everywhere to be on the alert. Success the enemy must have at once but success they cannot get if our brave men in the field have but half a chance. The next few days may be pregnant with importance to us. May we be able in our next still to hasten the wane of success of our vile foes.

☞ Upon the revocation of details many of our best men, the very home and sinew of our land, reported promptly to the Enrolling Officer and went soon thereafter to Camp Lee, in time to make the allowed selection of commands. However much the necessity which called them from their homes may be regretted, no one could complain, certainly THEY did not, but with exceeding cheerfulness responded to the call of their country and went to share the same toils, fatigues and dangers with the brave veterans of the war. We do complain, however, of the after treatment received by these unmurmuring men. These men were sent from Richmond to Gen. Early's army under guard, as if they, who had reported promptly when called upon and after arriving at Camp Lee, were very learned that Gen. Lee desired men at once, waved the examination they were entitled to and with alacrity selected their companies, were a set of skulking stragglers or deserters instead of being the best and most reliable men in the country. If any had delayed to report and consequently had to be brought to the Enrolling Office under guard, having thus evinced by their conduct that they intended to evade the call, then we would utter no complaint, no matter how heavily guarded they might be, but in the case however is entirely different.

We have no doubt it was humiliating to these men to be marched under strict guard, through their county town, and especially so when a short distance from town they met a squad of 100 Yankee prisoners coming from the army, not as strongly guarded as they themselves were, but we hope this feeling may have been but temporary for our people think not a whit less of them than formerly. No disgrace attaches to them, for they have entered the part of men, but the party by whose authority they were sent from Richmond under guard should hang his head in everlasting shame for such treatment to such men, who have shown themselves to be the unfaltering reliance of their country in her time of need.

To Post Masters and Others.

Every Mail that arrives at the Staunton Post Office, brings a large number of letters for persons in the command of Gen. Early, directed to Staunton, or if directed otherwise mailed improperly to Staunton. All such letters necessarily lay over one day at this point. Time and perhaps inconvenience will be saved by parties addressing their letters, and Post Masters mailing them, directly to the Army of the Valley.

Let all interested make a note of this.

DOGWOOD AS A MEDICINE.—A correspondent of the *Courier* writes:

I wrote you some months since of the efficacy of the dogwood in chills. I have lately had occasion to give it a full trial and am confidently recommend it. A strong decoction of the bark and berries in a pint, one-third the quantity of spirits added, and a dose, wine glass full, given three or four times daily. I lately added two grains of opium, whether advantageously or not, I can't say.

THE COMMISSARIAT.

We have information that a million of pounds of bacon have been brought lately within our lines from a quarter which we may take it for granted, the enemy is either unaspired of, or unable to prevent coming to us. We have seen it boasted too, that this handsome addition to the Confederate commissaries is but a foretaste of what is expected. The sterling count policy of the enemy is not likely to be successful.—*Whig.*

YANKEE MORALS.—A young woman in Jackson Mode, has been carrying on the recruiting business in an original and highly peculiar manner. Heretofore she contented herself with the old story for her victims, but being exceedingly unhandsome, she marries another woman who has been well bled and sent to the war. On the fifth occasion she was not detected.

While a Pennsylvania Minister, one in the midst of his sermon, a little boy, about ten years of age, quietly left his seat, took his hat, walked to the pulpit and asked permission of the minister to leave the church, saying he forgot to feed his father. The request was granted and the lad, after returning in a few minutes, resumed quietly his seat.

RECRUITING.—A gentleman who left from Kanawha county some time since, has returned to Charleston and received 25,000 reinforcements in Morgan.

TWO A DAY FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP.

Resolved that the people of the Confederate States should, from time to time, acknowledge their dependence on Almighty God, to render devout thanks for manifold blessings, to worship His Holy Name, to bend in prayer at His footstool, and to accept with reverent submission the chastening of His All wise and All-merciful Providence.

Let us, then, in temples and in field, unite our voices in supplications, with adoring gratitude for the manifestations of His protecting care in the many signal victories with which our land has been crowned, and the fruitfulness with which our land has been blessed, and to the unimparted energy and fortitude with which He has inspired our hearts and strengthened our arms in resistance to the iniquitous designs of our enemies.

And let us not forget that, while graciously vouchsafing to us His protection our sins have merited and received grievous chastisement; that many of our best and bravest have fallen in battle; that many officers are still held in foreign prisons; that large districts of our country have been devastated with savage fidelity—the peaceful homes destroyed and helpless women and children driven away in distraction; and that with fiendish malignity the passions of a savage race have been excited by our foes into the commission of atrocities from which death is a welcome escape.

Now, therefore, I, JEFFERSON DAVIS, President of the Confederate States of America, do issue this my proclamation, setting apart WEDNESDAY, the eighteenth day of November next, as a day to be specially devoted to the worship of Almighty God; and I do invite and invoke all the people of these Confederate States to assemble on the day aforesaid, in their respective places of public worship, there to unite in prayer to our Heavenly Father, that He looks His favor upon us; that He will ward off the vengeance of His almighty arm; that He sanctify the chastisement to our improvement, so that we may turn away from evil paths and walk righteously in His sight; and that He may restore peace to our beloved country, with the blessings we pray for, securing to us the continued enjoyment of our own right of self government and independence; and that He will graciously bear us to us while we humble to Him the power and glory of our deliverance.

GIVEN under my hand and (SEAL.) the seal of the Confederate States, at Richmond, this twenty-first day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

By the President:

J. P. BENJAMIN, Secretary of State.

STAUNTON, Oct 30 d 1864.

To the People of Augusta:

Many months since a fund was raised by benevolent persons in the County to support refugee families from North-Western Virginia. The money was placed in the Central Bank under the control of John Wayt Esq. Treasurer, and has been disbursed by orders from the Central Committee. It is now in effect exhausted, the small sum remaining being set apart to meet a liability already incurred by the Committee, and yet the objects of bounty still remain in the hands of the leading men and officers of the various companies and now need consideration.

MARRIED

On the 27th of October, by the Rev. W. Harris, Mr. Daniel Shomo, of Augusta, to Miss Mary Ann Bumgardner, of Staunton Va.

On the 20th of October, by the same, Mr. Samuel Wolfe, A. and Miss Mary A. Bumgardner, of Staunton Va.

On the 20th of October, by the same, Mr. William Overholser and Miss Mary Jane Perdue, both of Augusta.

On the 18th of October, by the same, Mr. Frank Bowers and Miss Maggie Sullivan, Staunton Va.

OBITUARY.

NEAR STAUNTON, on the 20th of October 1864, Miss Fannie Bell Lyons, aged 17 years.

It is said that "Death has a thousand darts, and he will use them." Certainly, when he has in his train of agents his ministerings of pain, death has prepared a vacant place, home made and in the community, left the mourning, weeping, sorrowing, bereaved, and triumphantly, having departed from the family and many friends, a spotless, lovely, and pure spirit.

Thus has passed away Fanny Lyons, one of the choicest flowers, to be found in the Garden of the Lord forever.

"Oh happy, happy soul!
In a world of pain,
Thou art safe and free from all
Its sorrows and its care.
Thou crost the Jordan's tide,
And all those promises tried,
With exceeding joy filled."

COM.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

$500 REWARD.

LOST between Mt. Sidney and Staunton, on the 15th day of November, a Bay Mare.

Morgan Gen. Foot in Rock.

[illegible]

Mules, Mules!

[illegible]

Notice.

[illegible]

Notice.

[illegible]

Notice.